

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. Identification

Product identifier: TERAND DUST MOP TREATMENT OIL-BASED

Other means of identification SDS number: RE1000001314

Recommended restrictions Product use: Coating Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

#### Manufacturer

Company Name: Address:	CPC 1000 INTEGRAM DRIVE PACIFIC, MO 63069
Telephone: Fax:	1-800-327-1835

Emergency telephone number: 1-866-836-8855

#### 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### **Hazard Classification**

Physical Hazards	
Flammable aerosol	Category 1
Health Hazards	
Aspiration Hazard	Category 1

#### **Environmental Hazards**

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 2
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 2

Danger

#### Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word:

Hazard Statement:

Extremely flammable aerosol. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Precautionary Statements	
Prevention:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid release to the environment.
Response:	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ Do NOT induce vomiting. Collect spillage.
Storage:	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store locked up.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):	None.

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	50 - <100%
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	10 - <20%
Propane	74-98-6	10 - <20%
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	64741-65-7	5 - <10%
Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil	68647-72-3	0.1 - <1%

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion:	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never give liquid to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.	
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air.	
Skin Contact:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Eye contact:	Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		

Symptoms:	No data available.
Hazards:	No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed



No data available.
Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
uishing media
Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
d precautions for firefighters
No data available.
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
s
Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind.
Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste.
Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk.
Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid release to the environment.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Store locked up. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Aerosol Level 3

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection



#### **Control Parameters**

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Lin	nit Values	Source
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	REL		100 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light - Non- aerosol as total hydrocarbon vapor	TWA		200 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA		200 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
White mineral oil (petroleum) - Mist.	REL		5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL		5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL		10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
White mineral oil (petroleum) - Inhalable fraction.	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2010)
Propane	REL	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	PEL	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2-diethyl ester	REL		5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
2,6-Octadienal, 3,7-dimethyl- - Inhalable fraction and vapor.	TWA	5 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2010)
Bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene, 2,6,6-trimethyl-	TWA	20 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptane, 6,6- dimethyl-2-methylene-	TWA	20 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)

#### Appropriate Engineering Controls

No data available.

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#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Supplementary local exhaust ventilation, closed systems, or respiratory and eye protection may be needed in special circumstances, such as poorly ventilated spaces, heating, evaporation of liquids from large surfaces, spraying of mists, mechanical generation of dusts, drying of solids, etc.
Eye/face protection:	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin Protection Hand Protection:	No data available.
Other:	Wear suitable protective clothing.



**Respiratory Protection:** 

In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor.

Hygiene measures:Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using do not smoke.9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state:	liquid
Form:	Spray Aerosol
Color:	No data available.
Odor:	No data available.
Odor threshold:	No data available.
pH:	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	No data available.
Flash Point:	-104.4 °C
Evaporation rate:	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available.
Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive	limits
Flammability limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Flammability limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	2,413.17 - 3,447.38 hPa
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Vapor density:	No data available.
Density:	No data available.
Relative density:	No data available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in water:	No data available.
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available.
Decomposition temperature:	No data available.
Viscosity:	No data available.

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No data available.
Chemical Stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	No data available.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid heat or contamination.
Incompatible Materials:	No data available.



Hazardous Decomposition	No data available.
Products:	

#### 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure Inhalation: No data available.	
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Eye contact:	No data available.
Ingestion:	No data available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation:	No data available.
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Eye contact:	No data available.
Ingestion:	No data available.

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral Product: Specified substance(s): Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data. LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg
Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil	LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg
Dermal Product: Specified substance(s): Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data. LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Product: Specified substance(s): Distillates (petroleum),	
Product: Specified substance(s): Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light White mineral oil	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg



Inhalation Product:	Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.
Specified substance(s): Distillates (petroleum),	LC 50: > 5 mg/l
hydrotreated light	LC 50: > 20 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LC 50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l LC 50: > 20 mg/l
Propane	LC 50 (Mouse): 1,237 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	LD 50: > 5 mg/l
Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil	LC 50: > 5 mg/l LC 50: > 20 mg/l
Repeated dose toxicity Product: Specified substance(s):	No data available.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): >= 24 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female), Oral, 70 - 147 d): 750 mg/kg Oral Experimental result,
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 90 d): >= 20,000 ppm(m) Oral Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rabbit(Female, Male), Dermal): 1,000 mg/kg Dermal Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 210 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental
Propane	result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s): Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
White mineral oil (petroleum)	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritati Product: Specified substance(s):	on No data available.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

#### Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Product: No data available.



<b>Specified substance(s):</b> Distillates (petroleum),	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising	
hydrotreated light White mineral oil	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising	
(petroleum)		
Carcinogenicity Product:	No data available.	
IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans: No carcinogenic components identified		
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: No carcinogenic components identified		
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): No carcinogenic components identified		
Germ Cell Mutagenicity		
In vitro Product:	No data available.	
In vivo Product:	No data available.	
Reproductive toxicity Product:	No data available.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure   Product: No data available.		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated ExposureProduct:No data available.		
Aspiration Hazard Product:	No data available.	
Specified substance(s): Distillates (petroleum),	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
hydrotreated light White mineral oil	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
(petroleum) Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Other effects:	No data available.	

### 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity:**

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

#### Fish



Product:	No data available.	
Specified substance(s): White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): >= 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study LL 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study	
Propane	LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study	
Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil	LC 50 (96 h): < 10 mg/l	
Aquatic Invertebrates Product:	No data available.	
Specified substance(s): White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Daphnia magna, 48 h): >= 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study	

#### Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish Product:	No data available.	
<b>Specified substance(s):</b> Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 0.098 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): >= 1,000 mg/I QSAR QSAR, Support study	ting
Aquatic Invertebrates Product:	No data available.	
<b>Specified substance(s):</b> White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Daphnia magna): >= 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting st	udy
Toxicity to Aquatic Plants Product:	No data available.	
Persistence and Degradability		
Biodegradation Product: Specified substance(s): Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	No data available. 61 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	31 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting substanc (structural analogue or surrogate), Supporting study	ë
Propane	100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 50 % (3.19 d) Detected in water. QSAR, Weight of Evidence study	
Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil SDS_US - RE1000008124	< 70 %	9/14



BOD/COD Ratio Product:	No data available.
Bioaccumulative potential Bioconcentration Factor (BC Product:	F) No data available.
Partition Coefficient n-octanol / w Product:	<b>vater (log Kow)</b> No data available.
Mobility in soil:	No data available.
	tion to environmental compartments
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	No data available.
White mineral oil (petroleum)	No data available.
Propane	No data available.
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	No data available.
Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil	No data available.
Other adverse effects:	Toxic to aquatic organisms.
13. Disposal considerations	
Disposal instructions:	Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.
Contaminated Packaging:	No data available.
14. Transport information	

DOT UN Number: UN Proper Shipping Name Transport Hazard Class(es Class: Label(s): Packing Group: Marine Pollutant:	
Environmental Hazards: Marine Pollutant Special precautions for use	No No er: Not regulated.
IMDG UN Number: UN Proper Shipping Name Transport Hazard Class(es Class: Label(s): EmS No.: Packing Group:	



Environmental Hazards:	Yes
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.
IATA UN Number: Proper Shipping Name: Transport Hazard Class(es): Class: Label(s): Packing Group:	UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable 2.1 –
Environmental Hazards:	Yes
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.
Cargo aircraft only:	Allowed.

#### 15. Regulatory information

#### **US Federal Regulations**

Restrictions on use: Not known.

#### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
Propane	lbs. 100
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2-diethyl ester	lbs. 1000
Bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene, 2,6,6-trimethyl-	lbs. 100

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

quantity

#### Hazard categories

Fire Hazard Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards Flammable aerosol Aspiration Hazard

#### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable

**Chemical Identity** Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil

Threshold Planning Quantity

SARA 304 Emergency Release NotificationChemical IdentityReportable quantityDistillates(petroleum),hydrotreated lightIbs. 100



Terpenes	and		
Terpenoids,	sweet		
orange-oil			
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic		lbs. 1000	
acid, 1,2-diethyl e			
Bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene,		lbs. 100	
2,6,6-trimethyl-	0.1.0,		
2,0,0 annoury			
SARA 311/312 Ha	zardous C	Chemical	
Chemical Identit	У	<u>Threshold</u>	Planning Quantity
Distillates (petrole	eum),	10000 lbs	
hydrotreated light			
White mineral oil		10000 lbs	
(petroleum)			
Propane		10000 lbs	
Naphtha (petroleu	um),	10000 lbs	
heavy alkylate			
Terpenes and Ter	rpenoids,	10000 lbs	
sweet orange-oil	•		
1,2-Benzenedicar	boxylic	10000 lbs	
acid, 1,2-diethyl e			
2,6-Octadienal, 3,		10000 lbs	
dimethyl-			
Bicyclo[3.1.1]hept	-2-ene	10000 lbs	
2,6,6-trimethyl-	2 0110,	10000 100	
Bicyclo[3.1.1]hept	ane 66-	10000 lbs	
dimethyl-2-methyl		10000 103	
anneary -z-meary			

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#### SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130): Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3) US State Regulations

#### US. California Proposition 65

No ingredient requiring a warning under CA Prop 65.

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

#### **Chemical Identity**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light White mineral oil (petroleum) Propane Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.

#### US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

#### **Chemical Identity**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light White mineral oil (petroleum) Propane Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

#### International regulations

#### Montreal protocol

Distillates (petroleum),

SDS\_US - RE1000008124



hydrotreated light Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil

#### Stockholm convention

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil

#### **Rotterdam convention**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil

#### Kyoto protocol

#### Inventory Status:

Australia AICS:

EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:

Japan (ENCS) List:

China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:

Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):

Canada NDSL Inventory:

Philippines PICCS:

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:

Japan ISHL Listing:

Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:

Mexico INSQ:

Ontario Inventory:

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:

Canada DSL Inventory List:

US TSCA Inventory:

Not in compliance with the inventory. On or in compliance with the inventory.

On or in compliance with the inventory

## 16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision



Revision Information:	No data available.
Version #:	1.0
Further Information:	No data available.
Disclaimer:	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.